

CERTIFICATION

AOAC[®] *Performance Tested*SM

Certificate No. 041302

The AOAC Research Institute hereby certifies the method known as:

Easy Plate AC

manufactured by

Kikkoman Biochemifa Company 2-1-1, Nishi-shinbashi Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-0003 Japan

This method has been evaluated in the AOAC[®] *Performance Tested Methods*SM Program and found to perform as stated by the manufacturer contingent to the comments contained in the manuscript. This certificate means that an AOAC[®] Certification Mark License Agreement has been executed which authorizes the manufacturer to display the AOAC *Performance Tested* SM certification mark along with the statement - "THIS METHOD'S PERFORMANCE WAS REVIEWED BY AOAC RESEARCH INSTITUTE AND WAS FOUND TO PERFORM TO THE MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS" - on the above-mentioned method for a period of one calendar year from the date of this certificate (March 7, 2022 – December 31, 2022). Renewal may be granted at the end of one year under the rules stated in the licensing agreement.

Scott Crates

Scott Coates, Senior Director Signature for AOAC Research Institute March 17, 2022

Date

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ORIGINAL VALIDATION: Norihiko Okochi, Mamoru Yamazaki, Shoichi Kiso, Mai Kinoshita, Yurie Okita, Keisuke Kazama, and Rui Saito MODIFICATION DECEMBER 2017: Mai Shimizu, Kentaro Takenaka, Aya Miyasaka, Takeo Suzuki, Taiki Matsuda, Tatsuhiko Iwase, and Hitoshi Kyotani MODIFICATION MARCH 2022: Satoshi Fukuda and Shinichiro Sugiura	SUBMITTING COMPANY Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd. 1-1-1, Ichigaya Kagacho Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, 162-8001 Japan	CURRENT COMPANY Kikkoman Biochemifa Company 2-1-1, Nishi-shinbashi Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-0003 Japan
METHOD NAME Easy Plate AC Formerly known as Medi-Ca AC	CATALOG NUMBER 61973	
INDEPENDENT LABORATORY Q Laboratories, Inc 1400 Harrison Avenue Cincinnati, OH 45214 USA	College Park, MD, USA ² Consultant, Denver, CO USA ³ Consultant, Loganville, GA, USA	
APPLICABILITY OF METHOD Target organism – Aerobic bacteria Matrixes – (50) - cooked roast beef, Chinese barbecued pork, bacon,	REFERENCE METHODS Official Methods of Analysis (2 Gaithersburg, MD, Method 966.23 (3	012) 19 th Ed., AOAC INTERNATIONAI ;)
cooked ham, frankfurter (made from beef and pork), boiled and cooked pork sausage MODIFICATION DECEMBER 2017: (50 g): raw beef (steak meat), raw ground beef (80 % lean), raw ground pork, raw chicken, raw ground chicken, bagged lettuce, blueberries, raw shrimp (without head), raw salmon filet, raw tuna filet, dry pet food pasteurized milk (3.6 % fat, 11 mL), natural cheese (Camembert, 11 g)	U.S. Food and Drug Administration (2 <i>Manual,</i> Chapter 3 (9)	2013) FDA Bacteriological Analytical
Performance claims - The method is a reasonable alternative to the Microbiological Methods (AOAC Official Method 966.23) (3) for heat- processed meat matrixes.		
ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION DATE	CERTIFICATION RENEWAL RECO	RD
April 10, 2013	Renewed annual through Decen	
	SUMMARY OF MODIFICATION 1. Shelf life extension a	pproved .
METHOD MODIFICATION RECORD 1. January 2016 Level 2 2. December 2017 Level 3 3. February 2020 Level 2 4. November 2020 Level 1 5. June 2021 Level 1 6. March 2022 Level 2	 Matrix extension Manufacturing locati Japan. Editorial and formatt Rebranded kit to reflue Medi Ca AC to Easy P 	
 January 2016 Level 2 December 2017 Level 3 February 2020 Level 2 November 2020 Level 1 June 2021 Level 1 	 Matrix extension Manufacturing locati Japan. Editorial and formatt Rebranded kit to reflue Medi Ca AC to Easy P 	ing changes to insert. ect Kikkoman and method name change fi late AC.

PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD (1)

Easy Plate AC (formerly known as Medi-Ca AC) is a ready-made dry medium for aerobic count made up of four components: a waterproof sheet, a dry medium containing a gelling agent, a hydrophobic resin ring surrounding the medium, and a transparent cover over the medium. The cover is lifted, sample suspension is placed on the center of the medium, and the cover is dropped onto the sample. The sample soaks into the medium and turns into a gel in 3 minutes. The gelled medium contains the redox indicator 2,3,5-triphenyl tetrazolium chloride (TTC) derived from a coating on the cover. The incubation of the sheet at $35 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C for 48 ± 2 hours develops red colonies because of the redox reaction involving the indicator.

DISCUSSION OF THE VALIDATION STUDY (1)

The Easy Plate AC method was compared to the AOAC **966.23** method for seven different heat-processed meat matrixes in the two Matrix studies. The 95% CI for the mean difference between the two methods at each contamination level for each matrix fell within the range of -0.50 to 0.50, and no statistical difference was observed at all three contamination levels for five matrixes (Table 1 and 4). In addition, the repeatability of the Easy Plate AC method was overall similar to that of the AOAC **966.23** method. These results demonstrated that the Easy Plate AC method is a reasonable alternative to the AOAC **966.23** method for heat-processed meat matrixes.

The mean log₁₀ counts of the Medi-Ca AC method for boiled pork sausage contaminated with the heat-stressed strain were significantly lower than those of the AOAC **966.23** method. Interestingly, the same matrix contaminated with the same strain without any heat treatment provided no significant difference (data not shown). These results suggest that the Medi-Ca AC medium cannot grow heat-stressed microorganisms as vigorously as the PCA, depending on the microorganisms. The Medi-Ca AC method is similar to the Aerobic Plate Count in Foods (AOAC Official Method **990.12**), also known as the Petrifilm[™] Aerobic Count Plate method (4). Morita et al. has pointed out that liquefaction of the gel by bacteria which caused diffusion of colonies was observed on the Petrifilm[™] Aerobic Count plates (5). The same phenomenon, which sometimes interfered with counting, was also observed for Chinese barbecued pork, cooked ham, and frankfurter in this study (data not shown). On the other hand, Medi-Ca AC medium did not appear to be subject to the liquefaction by bacteria for all the matrixes, which made counting easier.

Matrix	Inoculation Micoorganism	Contamination Level	Medi Ca AC			A	OAC 966.2	23	Mean	95% Cl ^d		
			Mean ^a	s, ^b	RSD _r [℃]	Mean	S _r	RSD _r	Difference	LCL ^e	UCL ^f	r ^{2g}
		Low	3.51	0.03	0.89	3.44	0.10	2.97	-0.07	-0.23	0.10	
Cooked roast beef	N/A ^h	Medium	6.20	0.14	2.31	6.28	0.08	1.26	0.08	-0.04	0.19	0.99
		High	8.59	0.15	1.69	8.63	0.14	1.67	0.04	-0.31	0.39	
Chinese barbecued pork		Low	4.61	0.07	1.58	4.56	0.03	0.61	-0.05	-0.13	0.04	
	N/A	Medium	7.93	0.05	0.64	8.00	0.04	0.52	0.07	0.00	0.14	1.00
		High	8.56	0.06	0.65	8.64	0.06	0.64	0.08	0.00	0.16	
Bacon		Low	4.34	0.03	0.66	4.34	0.05	1.13	0.01	-0.05	0.07	
	N/A	Medium	6.35	0.02	0.32	6.30	0.04	0.60	-0.04	-0.11	0.03	0.99
		High	7.43	0.08	1.03	7.57	0.06	0.74	0.14	-0.01	0.28	
		Low	2.61	0.04	1.57	2.60	0.04	1.40	-0.01	-0.10	0.08	
Cooked ham	N/A	Medium	7.09 ⁱ	0.04	0.54	7.48	0.04	0.54	0.39	0.34	0.43	0.99
		High	9.26 ⁱ	0.03	0.35	9.12	0.06	0.70	-0.14	-0.25	-0.03	
		Low	4.88	0.05	0.93	4.91	0.04	0.78	0.04	-0.04	0.11	
Frankfurter	N/A	Medium	5.74	0.04	0.70	5.71	0.05	0.82	-0.03	-0.07	0.01	0.99
		High	6.12	0.04	0.59	6.13	0.03	0.55	0.02	-0.04	0.08	
		Uninoculated	<1.00	_	_	<1.00	_	_	_	_	_	
Boiled pork	E. cloacae ⁱ	Low	2.60 ⁱ	0.06	2.18	2.97	0.04	1.47	0.37	0.27	0.47	
sausage	ATCC 222	Medium	3.58 ⁱ	0.04	1.11	3.81	0.05	1.40	0.24	0.12	0.35	0.99
		High	4.55 ⁱ	0.09	1.87	4.74	0.05	0.96	0.19	0.05	0.33	

^a Mean of 5 replicates after the logarithmic transformation: $Log_{10}[CFU/g + (0.1)f]$. ^b s_r = standard deviation.

 $^{\circ}$ RSD_r = relative standard deviation.

^d CI = confidence interval.

^e LCL = lower confidence limit.

^f UCL = upper confidence limit.

 g r² = square of the corellation coefficient.

^h N/A-Not applicable. Samples are naturally contaminated.

ⁱ Significantly different (p<0.05).

¹ A heat-stressed culture with 71% injury was used.

DISCUSSION OF A MODIFICATION STUDY APPROVED DECEMBER 2017 (8)

Easy Plate AC method was compared to the AOAC **966.23** and BAM Chapter 3 for 13 food matrixes in five different categories: meat products, vegetable and fruits, seafood, dairy products and pet food including heat processed food. According to the validation results in method developer study and independent laboratory study, the mean differences between the Easy Plate AC and reference methods were less than 0.16 log₁₀, and much smaller in most cases. The 95% Cls for the mean differences between the two methods fell within the range of -0.5 to 0.5 (Table 1). These results demonstrated that the Medi-Ca AC method produced statistically similar results when compared to the reference method.

Furthermore, for the dairy products (pasteurized milk and natural cheese), incubation temperature in the reference method is 32° C. In this study, Medi-Ca AC was incubated at 32 and $35 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C in the Method Developer Study for the dairy products and only the pasteurized milk in the Independent Study. As a result, there were no differences in these two incubation temperature (Table 1). Therefore, both dairy and non-dairy foods can be incubated in $35 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C by using Medi-Ca AC, and it is not necessary to use a different incubator for each food type.

Matrix	Inoculation	Contamination	Medi-Ca AC			AOAC 966.23			Mean	<u> </u>	⁶ Cl ^d	
IVIALITIX	Microorganism	Level	Mean ^a	Sr ^b	RSD _r ^c	Mean	Sr	RSDr	Difference	LCL ^e	UCL ^f	r
Raw beef		Low	4.93	0.03	0.68	4.91	0.08	1.53	0.02	-0.12	0.08	
	N/A ^h	Medium	6.37	0.03	0.44	6.35	0.03	0.49	0.02	-0.04	0.01	0.9
		High	7.15	0.02	0.30	7.12	0.04	0.57	0.03	-0.06	0.01	
Raw beef ⁱ		Low	1.88	0.19	10.1	1.92	0.17	8.83	0.04	-0.24	0.15	
	N/A	Medium	2.95	0.15	5.10	3.02	0.11	3.72	0.08	-0.18	0.03	0.9
		High	3.76	0.12	3.21	3.75	0.14	3.65	0.01	-0.14	0.15	
D		Low	6.90	0.03	0.50	6.85	0.05	0.75	0.05	-0.11	0.02	
Raw ground beef	N/A	Medium	7.87	0.05	0.67	7.81	0.04	0.50	0.06	-0.15	0.04	0.
beel		High	8.81	0.04	0.44	8.79	0.04	0.48	0.02	-0.06	0.02	
Raw ground		Low	5.47	0.05	0.94	5.63	0.11	1.91	0.16	0.02	0.29	
	N/A	Medium	8.93	0.06	0.67	8.95	0.06	0.65	0.03	-0.10	0.15	
pork		High	9.77	0.01	0.14	9.80	0.04	0.41	0.03	-0.02	0.08	
		Low	4.33	0.04	0.97	4.41	0.08	1.73	0.08	-0.05	0.20	
Raw chicken	N/A	Medium	8.73	0.04	0.42	8.63	0.09	1.00	0.11	-0.22	0.01	0.9
		High	9.63	0.07	0.70	9.60	0.04	0.45	0.03	-0.13	0.07	
Development of		Low	7.34	0.04	0.49	7.33	0.03	0.47	0.00	-0.09	0.08	
Raw ground chicken	N/A	Medium	8.35	0.02	0.28	8.34	0.02	0.21	0.01	-0.06	0.04	0.9
CHICKEN		High	9.37	0.03	0.28	9.29	0.03	0.27	0.08	-0.13	-0.03	
		Low	4.63	0.08	1.70	4.46	0.05	1.17	0.16	-0.22	-0.11	
Lettuce	N/A	Medium	6.02	0.03	0.44	6.02	0.06	0.97	0.00	-0.07	0.07	
		High	7.74	0.08	1.07	7.74	0.04	0.58	0.01	0.01 -0.11	0.12	
	N/A	Low	2.61	0.05	1.90	2.76	0.06	2.24	0.15	0.03	0.26	
Blueberries		Medium	3.26	0.02	0.70	3.29	0.06	1.90	0.02	-0.05	0.10	
		High	4.47	0.07	1.60	4.39	0.05	1.18	0.08	-0.21	0.05	
		Low	7.30	0.02	0.29	7.29	0.04	0.50	0.01	-0.05	0.03	
Raw shrimp	N/A	Medium	8.15	0.03	0.36	8.19	0.04	0.48	0.04	-0.04	0.11	0.
		High	9.19	0.05	0.59	9.25	0.03	0.34	0.06	-0.03	0.15	
		Low	7.57	0.09	1.15	7.66	0.05	0.70	0.09	-0.03	0.20	
Raw salmon	N/A	Medium	8.65	0.06	0.65	8.68	0.07	0.77	0.03	-0.07	0.12	0.9
		High	9.63	0.07	0.76	9.62	0.05	0.50	0.01	-0.15	0.13	
		Low	6.96	0.03	0.40	6.90	0.03	0.44	0.06	-0.09	-0.03	
Raw tuna	N/A	Medium	7.89	0.04	0.53	7.90	0.03	0.41	0.01	-0.03	0.06	0.
		High	8.84	0.05	0.55	8.87	0.03	0.33	0.03	-0.05	0.10	
		Low	1.76	0.15	8.38	1.76	0.16	9.18	0.00	-0.12	0.13	
Dry pet food ⁱ	N/A	Medium	3.98	0.07	1.64	3.96	0.07	1.86	0.02	-0.08	0.13	0.9
		High	4.88	0.07	1.42	4.96	0.02	0.44	0.08	-0.14	-0.01	

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		Uninoculated	<1.00			<1.00						
Pasteurized milk 32°C [/]	Escherichia coli NBRC ^k 13500	Low	2.52	0.08	3.33	2.57	0.04	1.70	0.04	-0.01	0.10	
		Medium	3.62	0.07	2.00	3.50	0.08	2.17	0.12	-0.21	-0.03	0.977
		High	4.57	0.12	2.58	4.52	0.09	2.07	0.05	-0.30	0.19	
Pasteurized milk 35°C [/]		Uninoculated	<1.00			<1.00						
	E. coli	Low	2.55	0.07	2.81	2.57	0.04	1.70	0.02	-0.04	0.08	
	NBRC 13500	Medium	3.58	0.07	2.09	3.50	0.08	2.17	0.08	-0.26	0.10	0.988
		High	4.58	0.05	1.10	4.52	0.09	2.07	0.06	-0.14	0.02	
Pasteurized milk ⁱ 32°C ⁱ	N/A	Low	1.36	0.22	15.9	1.39	0.09	6.67	0.03	-0.33	0.27	
		Medium	3.91	0.03	0.71	3.92	0.05	1.30	0.01	-0.09	0.06	0.991
		High	4.92	0.02	0.47	4.85	0.08	1.70	0.07	-0.03	0.16	
Pasteurized milk ⁱ	N/A	Low	1.41	0.13	9.41	1.39	0.09	6.67	0.02	-0.04	0.09	
35°C ^j		Medium	3.90	0.06	1.61	3.92	0.05	1.30	0.02	-0.10	0.06	0.999
55 C		High	4.90	0.05	0.97	4.85	0.08	1.70	0.05	-0.02	0.11	
Natural cheese 32°C/	Staphylococcus aureus ATCC [/] 12600	Uninoculated	<1.00			<1.00						
		Low	2.86	0.04	1.39	2.78	0.07	2.70	0.08	-0.21	0.04	
		Medium	4.01	0.07	1.84	3.91	0.03	0.75	0.10	-0.21	0.01	0.985
		High	4.70	0.08	1.66	4.67	0.10	2.11	0.03	-0.17	0.11	
	S. aureus ATCC 12600	Uninoculated	<1.00			<1.00						
Natural cheese		Low	2.87	0.04	1.41	2.78	0.07	2.70	0.09	-0.15	-0.02	
35°C/		Medium	4.01	0.05	1.16	3.91	0.03	0.75	0.10	-0.18	-0.02	0.993
		High	4.74	0.02	0.48	4.67	0.10	2.11	0.07	-0.18	0.04	

^{*a*} Mean of 5 replicates after the logarithmic transformation: $Log_{10}[CFU/g + (0.1)f]$.

^{*b*} s_r = standard deviation.

^c RSD_r = relative standard deviation.

^d CI = confidence interval.

^e LCL = lower confidence limit.

^f UCL = upper confidence limit.

 g r² = square of the correlation coefficient.

 h N/A = Not applicable. Samples are naturally contaminated.

ⁱ Matrix study conducted by the independent laboratory.

^{*j*} Incubation temperature for Medi-Ca AC

^k Biological Resource Center, National Institute of Technology and Evaluation, Chiba, Japan

¹American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA

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